

U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service

News Release

Pacific Islands External Affairs Office

300 Ala Moana Blvd., Room 5-311 Box 50187, Honolulu, HI 96850 Phone: 808 792-9530 Fax: 808 792-9583

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U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Updates List of Candidates For Endangered Species Act Listing

Hawai'i Continues to Lead the Nation in Number of Candidate Species

The updated Candidate Notice of Review, a yearly appraisal of the candidate species list detailing those plants and animals that may warrant protection under the Endangered Species Act was released by the U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service today. Since the last review in May 2005, ten species have been removed from the national list and four species from the list of Pacific Island species.

The updated list of 279 native plant and animal species was published in the *Federal Register* today. Hawai'i leads the nation with the greatest number of candidates on the list at 103 species. An additional 12 candidate species are from other Pacific Islands.

The Service is soliciting public comment and additional information for candidate species, as well as information about species that should be included in future candidate updates. This information will be considered in preparing listing documents and future revisions or supplements to the notice of review.

"The candidate list encourages the Service, state, and our partners to take a cooperative management approach in reducing the threats these species face and thereby removing the need to list them as endangered or threatened," said Patrick Leonard, field supervisor for the Fish and Wildlife Service's Pacific Islands Fish and Wildlife Office.

Four Pacific Island species were removed from this years' list and include: the many-colored fruit dove (*Ptilinopus perousii perousii*) from American Samoa, two species of anchialine pool shrimp (*Antecaridina lauensis* and *Calliasmata pholidota*) from Hawai'i, and the po'olānui gall fly (*Phaeogramma* sp.) also from Hawai'i.

The many-colored fruit dove was removed from the list because the Service found that the stable distribution of the species (also found in Independent Samoa) and recent documented increase in relative abundance in American Samoa suggest that the threats to the species are not having a detrimental effect on the subspecies' overall population at present.

The po'olānui gall fly was removed from the list because the species does not have a valid taxonomic description or name, thus it does not meet the definition of a species under the ESA. The two species of anchialine pool shrimp were removed because there is insufficient

information on the species' status throughout their ranges to determine whether these species warrants protection under the ESA.

A candidate species is one for which the Service has a sufficient amount of information on biological vulnerability and threats to support a proposal to list as endangered or threatened, but for which preparation and publication of a proposal is precluded by higher priority listing actions. Candidate species are assigned a listing priority number of 1-12 depending on the magnitude and imminence of threats, and by their taxonomic status.

Candidate Species –Pacific Islands

Mammals (2)

Priority	Common Name	Scientific Name	Historic Range
3	Bat, Pacific sheath-tailed	Emballonura semicaudata rotensis	Guam and CNMI ¹
3	Bat, Pacific sheath-tailed	Emballonura semicaudata	American Samoa
		semicaudata	

Birds (4)

Priority	Common Name	Scientific Name	Historic Range
3	Spotless Crake	Porzana tabuensis	American Samoa, Australia,
			Fiji, Independent Samoa,
			Marquesas, Philippines, Society
			Islands, Tonga
2	Kaua'i Creeper	Oreomystis bairdi	Hawai'i
6	Friendly Ground-dove	Gallicolumba stairi stairi	American Samoa, Independent
			Samoa
3	Band-rumped storm petrel	Oceanodroma castro	Hawai'i

Snails (9)

Priority	Common Name	Scientific Name	Historic Range
2	Fragile tree snail	Samoana fragilis	Guam and CNMI
2	Guam tree snail	Partula radiolata	Guam
2	Humped tree snail	Partula gibba	Guam and CNMI
2	Lāna'i tree snail	Partulina semicarinata	Hawai'i
2	Lāna'i tree snail	Partulina variabilis	Hawai'i
2	Newcomb's tree snail	Newcombia cumingi	Hawai'i
2	Langford's tree snail	Partula langfordi	Guam and CNMI
2	Tutuila tree snail	Eua zebrina	American Samoa
2	Sisi snail	Ostodes strigatus	American Samoa

Insects (11)

Priority Common Name Scientific Name Historic Range Hawaiʻi Wēkiu bug Nysius wekiuicola Mariana eight-spot Guam and CNMI Hypolimnas octucula mariannensis butterfly Mariana wandering Guam and CNMI Vagrans egestina butterfly Varies by Hawaiian damselflies (6 Megalagrion spp Hawaiʻi species species) from 2 - 9 Picture wing flies Drosophila attigua Hawaiʻi Drosophila digressa Hawai'i

¹ CNMI = Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands

Crustaceans (4)

Priority	Common Name	Scientific Name	Historic Range
5	Anchialine pool shrimp	Metabetaeus lohena	Hawaiʻi
5		Palaemonella burnsi	Hawaiʻi
5		Procaris hawaiana	Hawaiʻi
4		Vetericaris chaceorum	Hawaiʻi

Ferns and Allies (4)

Priority	Common Name	Scientific Name	Historic Range
2	No common name	Christella boydiae (=Cyclosorus	Hawai'i
		boydiae var. boydiae = Cyclosorus	
		boydiae kipahuluensis)	
2	No common name	Doryopteris takeuchii	Hawai'i
2	Wāwae'iole	Huperzia (=Phlegmariurus)	Hawai'i
		stemmermanniae	
3	Palapali	Microlepia strigosa var. mauiensis	Hawai'i
		(=Microlepia mauiensis)	

Flowering Plants (81)

Priority	Common Name	Scientific Name	Historic Range
2	Paʻiniu	Astelia waialealae	Hawai'i
Varies by	Koʻokoʻolau (5)	Bidens spp.	Hawai'i
species			
from 2 - 8			
2	No common name (2)	Calamagrostis spp.	Hawai'i
2	'Āwikiwiki (2)	Canavalia spp.	Hawai'i
Varies by	'Akoko (3)	Chamaesyce spp.	Hawai'i
species			
from 2 - 3			
2	Pāpala	Charpentiera densiflora	Hawai'i
2	Hāhā (7)	Cyanea spp.	Hawai'i
2	'Akū	Cyanea tritomantha	Hawai'i
2	Ha'iwale (5)	Cyrtandra spp.	Hawai'i
Varies by	Na'ena'e (3)	Dubautia spp.	Hawai'i
species			
from 2 - 3			
2	No common name	Festuca hawaiiensis	Hawai'i
2	Nānū	Gardenia remyi	Hawai'i
Varies by	Nohoanu (3)	Geranium spp.	Hawai'i
species			
from 5 - 8			
2	Kampua'a	Hedyotis fluviatilis	Hawai'i
3	'Ohe	Joinvillea ascendens ascendens	Hawai'i
2	No common name (2)	Keysseria (= Lagenifera) spp.	Hawai'i
2	Hulumoa	Korthalsella degeneri	Hawai'i
2	Kāmakahala (2)	Labordia spp.	Hawai'i
2	Lehua makanoe	Lysimachia daphnoides	Hawai'i
2	Alani (6)	Melicope spp.	Hawaiʻi
2	Kōlea (3)	Myrsine spp.	Hawaiʻi
2	'Aiea	Nothocestrum latifolium	Hawaiʻi
2	Hōlei	Ochrosia haleakalae	Hawai'i
2	'Ala'alawai nui	Peperomia subpetiolata	Hawai'i
2	No common name (3)	Phyllostegia spp.	Hawai'i
2	Hō'awa	Pittosporum napaliense	Hawai'i
2	No common name (3)	Platydesma spp.	Hawai'i

2	Pilokea lauli'i	Platydesma rostrata	Hawaiʻi
2	Halapepe (2)	Pleomele spp.	Hawai'i
2	Loulu	Pritchardia hardyi	Hawai'i
3	'Ena'ena	Pseudognaphalium (=Gnaphalium) sandwicensium var. molokaiense	Hawaiʻi
Varies by species from 2 - 3	Kōpiko (3)	Psychotria spp.	Hawaiʻi
2	Kaulu	Pteralyxia macrocarpa	Hawai'i
2	Makou (2)	Ranunculus spp.	Hawai'i
2	Māʻoliʻoli	Schiedea pubescens	Hawai'i
2	No common name (2)	Schiedea spp.	Hawai'i
2	'Ānunu	Sicyos macrophyllus	Hawai'i
2	Pōpolo	Solanum nelsonii	Hawai'i
2	No common name (2)	Stenogyne spp.	Hawai'i
2	A'e	Zanthoxylum oahuense	Hawai'i

The complete Notice and list of candidates and proposed species may be obtained via the Service's website at http://www.fws.gov/policy/library/06-7375.pdf. The Service will accept comments on the Candidate Notice of Review at any time.

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service is the principal Federal agency responsible for conserving, protecting and enhancing fish, wildlife and plants and their habitats for the continuing benefit of the American people. The Service manages the 95-million-acre National Wildlife Refuge System, which encompasses 545 national wildlife refuges, thousands of small wetlands and other special management areas. It also operates 69 national fish hatcheries, 64 fishery resources offices and 81 ecological services field stations. The agency enforces federal wildlife laws, administers the Endangered Species Act, manages migratory bird populations, restores nationally significant fisheries, conserves and restores wildlife habitat such as wetlands, and helps foreign and Native American tribal governments with their conservation efforts. It also oversees the Federal Assistance program, which distributes hundreds of millions of dollars in excise taxes on fishing and hunting equipment to state fish and wildlife agencies.